# **NMB BANK LIMITED**

# **INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

As on Ashwin End 2076 (17 October 2019) (Unaudited)











# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As on Quarter Ended 30 Ashwin, 2076 (17 October, 2019)

NPR in Thousand

	Gro	ір	NMB			
Particulars	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending		
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent	17,407,621	8,798,713	16,337,523	8,096,355		
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	9,539,851	10,845,212	9,522,821	10,829,182		
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	135,091	2,172,967	135,091	2,172,967		
Derivative financial instruments	11,653,685	8,595,482	11,653,685	8,595,482		
Other trading assets	357,600	340,390	357,600	340,390		
Loan and advances to B/FIs	3,570,756	3,317,962	4,270,756	3,317,962		
Loans and advances to customers	113,542,700	91,011,889	110,313,525	88,485,031		
Investment securities	12,248,193	10,456,936	12,047,138	10,316,351		
Current tax assets	-	-		-		
Investment in susidiaries	-	-	248,552	248,552		
Investment in associates	-	-	-	-		
Investment property	101,188	102,916	101,188	102,916		
Property and equipment	1,779,656	1,616,578	1,743,220	1,577,899		
Goodwill and Intangible assets	148,253	116,673	146,914	115,409		
Deferred tax assets	88,955	73,962	81,094	70,041		
Other assets	1,569,262	1,229,894	1,428,516	1,201,874		
Total Assets	172,142,811	138,679,574	168,387,624	135,470,410		
Liabilities						
Due to Bank and Financial Instituions	1,652,384	624,365	1,652,384	624,365		
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	3,412,337	3,203,523	3,412,337	3,203,523		
Derivative financial instruments	11,625,006	8,458,374	11,625,006	8,458,374		
Deposits from customers	123,504,238	98,830,665	121,912,673	97,892,302		
Borrowing	5,084,167	4,828,300	3,585,060	3,468,060		
Current Tax Liabilities	83,616	37,917	68,873	35,579		
Provisions	17,498	224	-	-		
Deferred tax liabilities	8,606	8,606	-	-		
Other liabilities	3,082,705	2,670,835	2,871,330	2,145,956		
Debt securities issued	2,229,797	2,239,236	2,229,797	2,239,236		
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	-	-		
Total liabilities	150,700,354	120,902,046	147,357,461	118,067,395		
Equity				-		
Share capital	11,529,742	9,618,163	11,529,742	9,618,163		
Share premium	2,541,413	2,512,799	2,541,413	2,512,799		
Retained earnings	2,457,544	1,964,282	2,259,082	1,780,327		
Reserves	4,738,877	3,516,888	4,699,926	3,491,726		
Total equity attributable to equity holders	21,267,576	17,612,131	21,030,163	17,403,014		
Non-controlling interest	174,882	165,397	-	-		
Total equity	21,442,458	17,777,528	21,030,163	17,403,014		
Total liabilities and equity	172,142,811	138,679,574	168,387,624	135,470,410		

#### **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the quarter ended 30 Ashwin, 2076 (17 October 2019 )

NPR in Thousand

		Group	)		NMB				
Particulars	Cu	rrent Year		ous Year sponding	Curre	ent Year	Previous Year Corresponding		
ranculais	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	
Interest income	3,377,895	3,377,895	2,713,163	2,713,163	3,241,553	3,241,553	2,609,875	2,609,875	
Interest expense	2,075,836	2,075,836	1,679,211	1,679,211	2,017,899	2,017,899	1,633,580	1,633,580	
Net interest income	1,302,059	1,302,059	1,033,951	1,033,951	1,223,654	1,223,654	976,294	976,294	
Fees and Commission Income	277,369	277,369	299,064	299,064	225,604	225,604	267,015	267,015	
Fees and commission expense	25,053	25,053	15,631	15,631	25,053	25,053	15,631	15,631	
Net fee and commission income	252,317	252,317	283,433	283,433	200,551	200,551	251,384	251,384	
Net interest, fee and commission income	1,554,376	1,554,376	1,317,384	1,317,384	1,424,205	1,424,205	1,227,678	1,227,678	
Net trading income	109,299	109,299	88,568	88,568	109,299	109,299	88,568	88,568	
Other operating income	69,626	69,626	18,225	18,225	69,989	69,989	18,759	18,759	
Total operating income	1,733,301	1,733,301	1,424,177	1,424,177	1,603,493	1,603,493	1,335,005	1,335,005	
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	625,944	625,944	50,465	50,465	622,816	622,816	37,499	37,499	
Net operating income	1,107,358	1,107,358	1,373,712	1,373,712	980,677	980,677	1,297,506	1,297,506	
Operating expense									
Personnel expenses	474,074	474,074	370,210	370,210	418,340	418,340	327,515	327,515	
Other operating expenses	182,749	182,749	161,884	161,884	169,698	169,698	149,139	149,139	
Depreciation & Amortisation	50,040	50,040	40,717	40,717	47,389	47,389	39,153	39,153	
Operating Profit	400,494	400,494	800,901	800,901	345,250	345,250	781,700	781,700	
Non operating income	622,169	622,169	3,529	3,529	622,169	622,169	3,529	3,529	
Non operating expense	35,778	35,778	-	-	35,778	35,778	-	-	
Profit before income tax	986,885	986,885	804,430	804,430	931,641	931,641	785,228	785,228	
Income tax expense									
Current Tax	131,857	131,857	240,433	240,433	116,505	116,505	234,673	234,673	
Deferred Tax expense/(Income)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Profit for the period	855,028	855,028	563,997	563,997	815,136	815,136	550,556	550,556	

#### Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income For the quarter ended 30 Ashwin, 2076 (17 October 2019)

NPR in Thousand

		Gr	oun				NMB			
	Curr	ent Year		r Corresponding	Curr	ent Year	Previous Year Corresponding			
Particulars	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)		
Profit for the period	855,028	855,028	563,997	563,997	815,136	815,136	550,556	550,556		
Other comprehensive income	, and the second	,	,				,			
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss										
- Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value	9,544	9,544	30,042	30,042	11,574	11,574	27,937	27,937		
- Gains/(losses) on revalution	-	-		-	-	-	-	-		
- Atuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-Income tax relating to above items	(2,863)	(2,863)	(9,013)	(9,013)	(3,472)	(3,472)	(8,381)	(8,381)		
Net other comprehsive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6,681	6,681	21,030	21,030	8,102	8,102	19,556	19,556		
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	-			-	-		-	-		
- Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
- Exchange gains/(losses) (arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation)	_	_	-	_	_		_	_		
- Income tax relating to above items	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
Net other comprehsive income that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	_	-	-	-	_		-	-		
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equited method	_	_		_	_		_	-		
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax	6,681	6,681	21,030	21,030	8,102	8,102	19,556	19,556		
Total comprehensive income for the period	861,709	861,709	585,026	585,026	823,238	823,238	570,112	570,112		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:										
Equity holders of the Bank	852,224	852,224	583,449	583,449	823,238	823,238	570,112	570,112		
Non-controlling interest	9,485	9,485	1,578	1,578	-	-	-	-		
Total	861,709	861,709	585,026	585,026	823,238	823,238	570,112	570,112		
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Earnings per share										
Basic earnings per share		8.43		6.58		8.13		6.66		
Annualized Basic earnings per share		33.72		26.31		32.51		26.64		
Diluted earnings per share	_	33.72		26.31		32.51		26.64		

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of cash flows For the period (1 Shrawan 2076 to 30 Ashwin 2076) ended 30 Ashwin 2076

	G	Froup	NMB			
Particulars	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto This Quarter	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto This Quarter		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Interest received	3,071,618	2,618,437	2,916,056	2,507,309		
Fees and other income received	267,702	223,558	215,060	194,174		
Dividend received	-	-	-	-		
Receipts from other operating activities	128,625	96,194	128,400	96,194		
Interest paid	(2,216,711)	(1,697,391)	(2,135,484)	(1,640,493)		
Commission and fees paid	(25,053)	(23,797)	(25,053)	(23,489)		
Cash payment to employees	(732,601)	(440,803)	(682,760)	(404,789)		
Other expense paid Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(185,277) <b>308,303</b>	(153,669) <b>622,529</b>	(169,698) <b>246,523</b>	(140,078) <b>588,828</b>		
(Increase)/Decrease in operating assets		-				
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	(2,717,058)	787,656	(2,716,058)	630,827		
Placement with bank and financial institutions	2,016,285	(1,953,187)	2,016,285	(1,953,187)		
Other trading assets	(17,210)	7,010	(17,210)	7,010		
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	2,258,965	(580,236)	2,258,965	(580,236)		
Loans and advances to bank and financial institutions  Loans and advances to customers	(3,759,288)	(6,545,856)	(3,650,900)	(7,060,745)		
Other assets	(478,622)	4,373,130	(362,815)	4,469,614		
Total	(2,696,928)	(3,911,484)	(2,471,733)	(4,486,718)		
Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities	(2,090,926)	(3,911,404)	(2,4/1,/33)	(4,480,718)		
Due to bank and financial institutions	428,906	3,025,487	428,906	3,025,487		
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	208,813	81,681	208,813	3,023,487 81,681		
Deposit from customers	3,493,017	1,278,401	3,319,228			
Borrowings	355,867	1,243,800	, ,	1,199,467 1,772,250		
Other liabilities			117,000	536,489		
	2,049,705	435,664	1,940,092	,		
Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid Income taxes paid	<b>6,536,308</b> (50,000)	<b>6,065,033</b> (25,233)	6,014,039	6,615,374		
Net cash flow from operating activities	4,097,683	2,750,846	(50,000) <b>3,738,828</b>	2,717,484		
1vet eash now from operating activities	4,077,003	2,730,040	3,730,020	2,717,404		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-		-		
Purchase of investment securities	(1,248,657)	(353,057)	(1,239,932)	(353,057)		
Receipts from sale of investment securities	1,104,927	566,713	1,104,927	566,713		
Purchase of property and equipment	(30,739)	(59,481)	(29,882)	(55,269)		
Receipt from the sale of property and equipment	8,667	14,253	8,667	14,253		
Purchase of intangible assets	(27,337)	(2,389)	(27,120)	(2,389)		
Receipt from the sale of intangible assets	-	-	(=1,1=0)	-		
Purchase of investment properties	-	-	-	1		
Receipt from the sale of investment properties	1,950	(4,776)	1,950	(4,776)		
Investment in subsidiaries, associates & joint ventures	-	-	-	-		
Interest received	131,278	139,024	131,278	139,024		
Dividend received	39,016	22,284	39,016	22,284		
Net cash used in investing activities	(20,895)	322,571	(11,097)	326,783		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		-		
Receipt from issue of debt securities	-	-	-	-		
Repayment of debt securities	-	-	-			
Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities	-	-	-			
Repayment of subordinated liabilities	-	466.204	-	466.204		
Receipt from issue of shares	-	466,304	-	466,304		
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-		
Interest paid	10.000	-	-	-		
Other receipt/payment	18,682	56	-	466 204		
	18,682	466,360	-	466,304		
Net cash from financing activities		-				
	4.095 470	3,539 777	3.727 731	3,510 571		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<b>4,095,470</b> 8 798 713	3,539,777 6,024,619	3,727,731 8,096,355	<b>3,510,571</b> 5 180 404		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8,798,713	3,539,777 6,024,619	8,096,355	<b>3,510,571</b> 5,180,404		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents						

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of changes in equity

## For the period (1 Shrawan 2076 to 30 Ashwin 2076) ended 30 Ashwin 2076

				Attri	butable to equity		oup Froup					
Particulars	Share Capital	Share premium	General reserve	Exchange equalisation reserve	Regulatory reserve	Fair value reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained earning	Other reserve	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2075	7,603,291	4,066,854	1,683,992	56,374	404,407	(6,825)	-	2,475,286	364,984	16,648,362	131,480	16,779,842
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,345,559	-	2,345,559	34,831	2,380,390
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,732	-	-	(2,563)	(830)	(369)	(1,200)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,732	-	2,345,559	(2,563)	2,344,728	34,462	2,379,190
Transfer to reserves	-	-	457,580	22,003	414,326	-	-	(1,015,260)	124,179	2,828	-	2,828
Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,000)	(1,000)	-	(1,000)
Contribution from and distributions to owner												
Share issued	-	466,304	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	466,304	-	466,304
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares issued	2,014,872	(2,020,360)	-	-	-	-	-	5,488	-	0	-	0
Cash dividend paid								(1,849,350)		(1,849,350)	(545)	(1,849,895)
Total contributions by and distributions	2,014,872	(1,554,056)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,843,862)	-	(1,383,046)	(545)	(1,383,591)
Balance at Asadh end 2076	9,618,163	2,512,799	2,141,571	78,377	818,733	(5,092)		1,961,723	485,600	17,611,872	165,397	17,777,269
									-	-		
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2076	9,618,163	3 2,512,799	2,141,571	78,377	818,733	(5,092)	-	1,961,723	485,600	17,611,872	165,397	17,777,269
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	845,543	-	845,543	9,485	855,028
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	6,681	-	-	-	6,681	-	6,681
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	6,681	-	845,543	-	852,224	9,485	861,709
Transfter to Reserves	-	-	-	-	375,957	-	-	(375,957)	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,910)	11,910	-	-	-
Transfer from Merger	-	28,615	547,579	27	302,636	(33,892)	-	39,576	8,790	893,332	-	893,332
Contribution from and distributions to owner												
Share issued to merged entity	1,911,579	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,911,579	-	1,911,579
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends to equity holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividend paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,431)	-	(1,431)		(1,431)
Total contributions by and distributions	1,911,579	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,431)	-	1,910,148	-	1,910,148
Balance at Ashwin end 2076	11,529,742	2,541,413	2,689,150	78,404	1,497,326	(32,304)	-	2,457,544	506,300	21,267,576	174,882	21,442,458

#### Condensed Consolidated Statement of changes in equity For the period (1 Shrawan 2076 to 30 Ashwin 2076) ended 30 Ashwin 2076

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				Attı	ributable to equity holder	NMB rs of the Bank						
Particulars	Share Capital	Share premium	General reserve	Exchange equalisation reserve	Regulatory reserve	Fair value reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained earning	Other reserve	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2075	7,603,291	4,061,367	1,671,851	56,374	404,407	(7,057)	-	2,339,182	360,396	16,489,809	-	16,489,809
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,257,276	-	2,257,276	-	2,257,276
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,513	-	-	(889)	625	-	625
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,513	-	2,257,276	(889)	2,257,901	-	2,257,901
Transfer to reserves	-	-	451,455	22,003	414,326	-	-	(1,006,131)	118,347	-	-	-
Transfer from reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,217)	(1,000)	(2,217)	-	(2,217
Contribution from and distributions to owner												
Share issued	-	471,569	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	471,569	-	471,569
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonus shares issued	2,014,872	(2,014,872)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividend paid	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(1,808,783)	-	(1,808,783)	-	(1,808,783
others	-	(5,265)	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-	(5,265)	-	(5,265
Total contributions by and distributions	2,014,872	(1,548,568)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,808,783)	-	(1,342,479)	-	(1,342,479
Balance at Asadh end 2076	9,618,163	2,512,799	2,123,307	78,377	818,733	(5,544)	-	1,780,327	476,854	17,403,014	-	17,403,014
Balance at Shrawan 1, 2076	9.618.163	2.512.799	2,123,307	78,377	818,733	(5,544)		1,780,327	476,854	17,403,014		17,403,014
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(5,544)	_	815,136	-	815,136	-	815,136
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	8,102	_	-	_	8,102	_	8,102
Total comprehensive income	-	-	_	-	-	8,102	_	815,136	-	823,238	-	823,238
Transfter to Reserves	_	_	_	_	375,957	-	_	(375,957)	_	-	_	-
Transfer from Reserves	_	_	_	_	· -	_	_	- 1	(1,000)	(1,000)	_	(1,000
Transfer from Merger	-	28,615	547,579	27	302,636	(33,892)	-	39,576	8,790	893,332	-	893,332
Contribution from and distributions to owner												
Share issued to merged entity	1,911,579	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	1,911,579	_	1,911,579
Share based payments	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Dividends to equity holders	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Bonus shares issued	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Cash dividend paid	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Swap Surplus from Merger		-		<u>-</u>		-	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -		-
Total contributions by and distributions	1,911,579	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,911,579	-	1,911,579
Balance at Ashwin end 2076	11,529,742	2,541,413	2,670,885	78,404	1,497,326	(31,334)	-	2,259,082	484,644	21,030,163	-	21,030,163

Ratios as per NRB Directives

		Gr	oup		NMB				
Particulars	Curren	t Year	Previous Year	Corresponding	Curre	ent Year	Previous Year Corresponding		
Paruculars -	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	
Capital fund to RWA		15.66%		15.26%		15.81%		15.36%	
Non performing loan (NPL) to toal loan		1.97%		0.81%		1.97%		0.76%	
Total loan loss provision to Total NPL (As per NRB Directives)		124.53%		193.26%		125.50%		202.54%	
Cost of Funds (YTD)		7.19%		7.46%		7.11%		7.38%	
CCD Ratio		77.27%		78.31%		77.27%		78.31%	
Base Rate		10.33%		9.93%		10.33%		9.93%	
Average Interest Spread (Calculated as per NRB Directives)- Last Month of Quarter		4.12%		3.78%		4.12%		3.78%	
Additional Informations:									
Average Yield (YTD Average)		10.97%		10.76%		10.80%		10.62%	
Return on Equity (Annualized)		15.54%		12.51%		15.14%		12.62%	
Return on Assets (Annualized)		1.95%		1.97%		1.92%		1.99%	
PE Ratio (Annualized)		11.75		13.51		11.75		13.51	
Net-Worth per share (NPR)		184.46		198.74		182.40		199.75	
Assets per share (NPR)		1,491.52		1,349.75		1,460.46		1,360.62	
Liquidity Ratio (NLA)		25.40%		21.55%		25.40%		21.55%	

Statement of Distributable Profit/Loss (As per NRB Regulations)

(Rs. In Thousand)

	(NS. III TIIOUSaliu)
Particulars	Up to this Quarter
Net Profit for the period ended 30 Ashwin 2076	815,136
1. Appropriations	
1.1 Profit required to be appropriated to statutory reserve	249,802
a. General Reserve	163,027
b. Capital Redemption Reserve	71,792
c. Exchange Fluctuation Fund	6,831
d. Corporate Socail Responsibity Fund	8,151
e. Employees Training Fund	-
f. Other	
1.2 Profit required to be transfer to Regulatory Reserve	29,166
a. Transfer to Regulatory Reserve	59,903
b. Transfer from Regulatory Reserve	(30,736)
Net Profit for the period end 30 Ashwin 2076 available for distribution	536,168

Note: The Bargain gain amount is only available for distribution as stock dividend.

## NMB BANK LIMITED

#### **Notes to Interim Financial Statements**

For the interim period ended 30 Ashwin 2076

#### 1. General Information

1.1 **Reporting Entity:** NMB Bank Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Bank") is a limited liability company domiciled in Nepal. The registered office of the Bank is G.P.O. Box 11543, Babar Mahal, Kathmandu, Nepal. The Bank has a primary listing in the Nepal Stock Exchange Limited, the only Stock Exchange in Nepal.

The Bank carries out commercial banking activities in Nepal licensed under the Bank and Financial Institutions Act, 2006 as Class "A" financial institution in May 2008 and has been operating in the Nepalese Financial market for over twenty three years.

#### 1.2 Subsidiary:

- a. NMB Capital Ltd. (NMBCL) is a 100% subsidiary company of the Bank and was incorporated on September 17, 2010 as a public limited company as per the Companies Act 2063. It is into Merchant and investment banking licensed by Securities Board of Nepal under the Securities Businessperson (Merchant Banker) Regulations, 2008.
- b. NMB Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd. (NMBMF) is incorporated as a public limited company under Companies Act, 2063 and licensed by Nepal Rastra Bank as "D" Class financial institution having Nation Wide working area to operate its microfinance program under Bank and Financial Institution Act 2006. As at the interim period ended date, the bank holds 51% controlling interest in the NMBMF.

The interim period of both of the subsidiaries is same as that of the Bank.

1.3 "Group" represents The Bank and the subsidiaries.

### 2. Basis of preparation

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Accounting Standard (NAS)-34 "Interim Financial Reporting" published by the Nepal Accounting Standards Board (NASB) and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN). The disclosures made in the condensed consolidated interim financial information have been limited based on the format prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank through NRB Circular 19 dated

Falgun 14, 2075 (Ref No: Bai.Bi.Ni.Bi/Niti/Paripatra/ka kha ga/19/075/76) and should be read in conjunction with the Bank's last annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 32 Asar 2075. They do not include all of the information required for a complete set of Nepal Financial Reporting Standards ("NFRS") financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Bank's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention with some exceptions described in the relevant sections.

The interim cash flow statement has been prepared using the direct method whereby operating profit is adjusted for effects of non-cash transactions such as depreciation and loan losses. The cash flow is classified by operating, investing and financing activities.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements comprise of:

- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity,
- Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and
- Notes to Interim Financial Statements
- Ratios as per NRB Directive

## 3. Statement of Compliance with NFRS

The Financial Statements of the Group which comprises components mentioned above have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Accounting Standards comprising of Nepal Financial Reporting Standards and Nepal Accounting Standards (hereafter referred as NFRS), laid down by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal and in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2063 and generally Accepted Accounting Principles and certain carve outs issued by ICAN.

#### 4. Basis of Consolidation

In preparing the Consolidated Interim Financial Statement, the financial statements of the Bank and the Subsidiary are combined line by line by adding together Assets, Liabilities, Equity, Income and Expenses. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements".

Para 8 of NFRS 10 outlines three conditions to be fulfilled in order to establish control:

- (a) Power over the investee;
- (b) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and

(c) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns

Non-Controlling Interest (NCI) refers to ownership of a company, which does not give the shareholder the control of the company.

#### 5. Materiality and Aggregation

In compliance with Nepal Accounting Standard - NAS 01 (Presentation of Financial Statements), each material class of similar items is presented separately in the Financial Statements. Items of dissimilar nature or functions too are presented separately unless they are immaterial. Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position only when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are not offset in the Statement of Profit or Loss unless required or permitted by an Accounting Standard.

#### 6. Business Combination

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when control is transferred to the Group as per NFRS 3. The consideration transferred in the acquisition is generally measured at fair value, as are the identifiable net assets acquired. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

#### 7. Foreign Exchange Transactions

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as on the balance sheet date have been converted into local currency at mid-point exchange rates published by Nepal Rastra Bank after adjustment for effective trading rate.

Net difference arising from the conversion of foreign currency assets and liabilities is accounted for as revaluation gain/loss under Other Operating Income.

Income realised from the difference between buying and selling rates of Foreign Exchange is accounted for as trading gains and shown under "Net Trading Income".

#### 8. Functional and presentation currency

The Interim financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR), the functional currency of Group entities. There is no change in the Group's presentation and functional currency during the period under review. All figures in the accounts are presented in thousand.

#### 9. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

As part of the process of preparing the interim financial statements in conformity

with NFRS, the Bank's management is required to make certain judgements, estimates and assumptions that may affect the Bank's profits, its financial position and other information presented in the Report. These estimates are based on available information and the judgements made by the Bank's management. Actual outcomes may deviate from the assessments made, and such deviations may at times be significant.

The Bank uses various valuation models and techniques to estimate the fair values of assets and liabilities. There are significant uncertainties related to these estimates and these estimates are highly dependent on market data, such as the level of interest rates, currency rates and other factors. The uncertainties related to these estimates are reflected mainly in the statement of financial position. The bank undertakes continuous development in order to improve the basis for fair value estimates, with regard to both modelling and market data. Changes in estimates resulting from refinements in assumptions and methodologies are reflected in the period in which the enhancements are first applied. Judgements and estimates are also associated with impairment testing of loans and claims.

The significant judgments made by Management in applying the Bank's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 32 Asar 2075.

#### 10. Basis for classification and measurement

The interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for:

- As per NFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", Investment Securities (investment in equity shares and mutual funds) are measured at fair value.
- As per NAS 40 'Investment Property' (land and building acquired as non-banking assets) are measured at fair value.
- As per NAS 19 "Employee Benefits", Liabilities for employee defined benefit obligations and liabilities for long service leave are measured at fair value.

The Bank classifies its financial assets into the following categories: those measured at amortised cost, and those measured at fair value. This classification depends on both the contractual characteristics of the assets and the business model adopted for their management.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

An investment is classified at "amortised cost" only if it is not designated as a FVTPL and both of the following criteria are met: the objective of the Bank's business model is to hold the assets in order to collect the contractual cash flows, and the contractual terms of the financial assets must give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are only payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at fair value

If either of the two criteria above is not met, the asset cannot be classified in the amortised cost category and must be classified at fair value.

#### **Determination of fair value**

The fair value of financial instruments, including derivative instruments that are traded in a liquid market, is the bid or offered closing price on the balance sheet date. Where the fair values cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques, which include the use of mathematical models. The input to these models is taken from observable market data where possible. Fair values are measured using different valuation models and techniques. This process involves determining future expected cash flows, which can then be discounted to the balance sheet date. The estimation of future cash flows for these instruments is subject to assumptions on market data, the fair value estimate may therefore be subject to variations and may not be realisable in the market. Under different market assumptions, the values could also differ significantly.

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Quoted market prices (unadjusted) in an active market for identical instruments.

Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and where the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

#### 11. Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets refer to assets that arise from contractual agreements on future cash flows or from owning equity instruments of another entity. Since financial assets derive their value from a contractual claim, these are nonphysical in form and are usually regarded as being more liquid than other tangible assets.

Financial liabilities are obligations that arise from contractual agreements and that require settlement by way of delivering cash or another financial asset. Settlement could also require exchanging other financial assets or financial liabilities under potentially unfavourable conditions. Settlement may also be made by issuing own equity instruments.

#### 12. Recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial position on a settlement date basis, except for derivative instruments, which are recognized on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

A financial liability is derecognised from the statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

#### 13. Offsetting

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount recognised only where there is a legal right to do so and the intention is to settle on a net basis.

#### 14. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise monetary assets and placements with original maturities of three months or less, calculated from the date the acquisition and placements were made.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as financial asset and are measured at amortized cost in SoFP.

Restricted deposits are not included in cash and cash equivalents. These are measured at amortized cost and presented as a line item on the face of consolidated Statement of Financial Position (SoFP).

#### 15. Impairment

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the asset (a loss event), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The Bank considers the following factors in assessing objective evidence of impairment:

- a significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
- Where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the group, including adverse changes in repayment patterns or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

#### Assets carried at amortised cost

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (such as amounts due from Banks, loans and advances to customers as well as held-to-maturity investments are impaired, and impairment losses are recognized, only if there is objective evidence as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the deemed recoverable value of loan.

The recoverable value of loan is estimated on the basis of realizable value of collateral and the conduct of the borrower/past experience of the bank. Assets that are individually assessed and for which no impairment exists are grouped with financial assets with similar credit risk statistics and collectively assessed for impairment. The credit risk statistics for each group of the loan and advances are determined by management prudently being based on the past experience.

Subsequent reversal of impairment loss, due to factors such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating, is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. The reversal shall not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized at the date the impairment is reversed. Financial assets (and the related impairment allowance accounts) are written off either partially or in full, when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Where financial assets are secured, this is generally after receipt of any proceeds from the realization of security. If a future write—off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the 'Income Statement'.

At each reporting date the Bank assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may have been impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is determined.

The Group has applied mandatory ICAN Carve Out No – 5 and has recognized impairment loss on loans and advances at the higher of the amount derived as per prudential norms specified in NRB directive and the amount derived from incurred loss model.

#### 16. Derivative assets and derivative liabilities

Derivative assets and derivative liabilities (derivatives) create rights and obligations that have the effect of transferring between the parties to the instrument one or more of the financial risks inherent in an underlying primary financial instrument. However, they generally do not result in a transfer of the underlying primary financial instrument on inception of the contract, nor does such a transfer necessarily take place on maturity of the contract.

Derivative financial instruments meet the definition of a financial instrument and are accounted for as derivative financial asset or derivative financial liability measured at FVTPL and corresponding fair value changes are recognized in profit or loss.

## 17. Deposits from customers and BFIs and Debt Securities

These are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortized cost.

#### 18. Revenue recognition

Revenue is derived substantially from banking business and related activities and comprises net interest income and non-interest income. Income is recognised on an accrual basis in the period in which it accrues. The Group applies NAS 18 – "Revenue" in the accounting of revenue, unless otherwise stated.

#### a. Net interest income

Interest income and expenses are recognised in profit or loss for all interestbearing instruments on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the expected estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability. Where financial assets have been impaired, interest income continues to be recognised on the Gross value, based on the original effective interest rate.

#### b. Fees and commission income

Fees and commission income is generally recognised when the related services are provided or on execution of a significant act. Fees charged for servicing a loan are recognised as revenue as the service is provided. The Group has opted ICAN carve out-6 and hence has excluded the full amount of upfront loan management fees or commission received on loans and advances in the calculation of effective interest rate for the loan. The upfront fees and commission are recognized as income in the same period the loan is approved.

#### c. Dividend Income

Dividend is recognised as income when the right to receive the dividend is established. For bonus shares, the numbers of shares alone are increased without any change in the cost price of shares.

#### d. Net Trading Gain

The Group presents all accrued interest, dividend, unrealized fair value changes and disposal gains or losses in respect of trading assets and liabilities under this head. The Group also presents foreign exchange trading gains or losses arising on foreign exchange buy and sell transactions under trading income.

#### 19. Discounting

Discounting has been applied where assets and liabilities are non-current and the impact of the discounting is material.

#### 20. Significant changes from the policies adopted in the past

There are no changes in accounting policies and methods of computation since the publication of annual financial statements for the year end Ashad 2076.

#### 21. Property, plant and equipment (PPE) and Intangible Assets

- a. Property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets (software) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation (Cost Model)
- b. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation of others is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss on Straight Line method over the useful life of those assets. The estimated useful life of the assets are as follows:

Assets	Estimated Life	Rate of Depreciation
Building	40 years	2.5%
Office equipment	7 years	14.28%
Computers	5 years	20%
Furniture & Fixtures	7 years	14.28%
Vehicles	5 to 7 years	20%/ 14.28%
Intangible Assets/software	5 Years	

- c. Leasehold improvements are capitalised at cost and amortised over period of lease.
- d. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment sold or disposed off during the year is charged up to the date of sales and gain or loss on the sales transaction is accounted for.
- e. Assets with a unit value of NPR 10,000 or less are expensed-off during the year of purchase irrespective of its useful life.

#### 22. Investment property

Investment properties are land or building or both other than those classified as property and equipment under NAS 16 – "Property, Plant and Equipment"; and assets classified as non-current assets held for sale under NFRS 5 – "Non-Current Assets Held for Sale & Discontinued Operations". The Group has recognized as investment property all land or land and building acquired as non-banking assets.

Non-banking assets (only land and building) are initially recognized at fair value. Since it is not intended for owner-occupied use, a depreciation charge is not raised.

#### 23. Retirement Benefits

The Bank offers retirement benefits to its confirmed employee, mainly provident fund, gratuity and accumulated sick leave, all payable at the time of separation from service.

#### a. Provident fund

Provident fund is recognised at the time of contribution to the fund which is independent to the Bank.

#### b. Gratuity

Provision for gratuity is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an Actuary as per the provisions of Nepal Accounting Standards. At the time of separation from service, cash payments are made to the employees and the amount is computed as per the Bank's Policy.

#### c. Accumulated sick leave

Provision for accumulated sick leave is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an Actuary as per the provisions of Nepal Accounting Standards. At the time of separation from service, cash payments are made to the employees and the amount is computed as per the Bank's Policy.

#### d. Accumulated home leave

Provision for accumulated home leave is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an Actuary as per the provisions of Nepal Accounting Standards. At the time of separation from service or eligible accumulated leaves, cash payments are made to the employees and the amount is computed as per the Bank's Policy.

#### 24. Operating Lease

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor, are classified as operating leases. The Group has applied NAS 17 – "Leases" under cancellable lease as per terms of lease agreement.

#### 25. Income Tax

#### a. Current Income Tax

Provision for current income tax is made in accordance with the provisions of the prevailing Income Tax Act, 2058 and Rules framed there under.

#### b. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and corresponding tax bases used in the computation provided on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined by using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax related to temporary differences in opening balances is credited or charged directly to equity and subsequent year differences are recognised in the income statement together with the deferred gain or loss.

The Group has not calculated deferred tax for the interim period.

#### 26. Share capital and reserves

The Bank applies NAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, to determine whether funding is either a financial liability (debt) or equity. Issued financial instruments or their components are classified as liabilities if the contractual arrangement results in the bank having a present obligation to either deliver cash or another financial asset, or a variable number of equity shares, to the holder of the instrument.

#### 27. Stationery

Stationery purchased are stated at cost and charged to revenue at the time of consumption.

#### 28. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The Bank creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present

obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an economic benefit will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

#### 29. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed in accordance with NAS 33–Earnings per share by dividing net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. For Group basic earnings per share profit or loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity has been considered.

In a capitalisation or bonus issue, ordinary shares are issued to existing shareholders for no additional consideration. Therefore, the number of ordinary shares outstanding is increased without an increase in resources. The number of ordinary shares outstanding before the event is adjusted for the proportionate change in the number of ordinary shares outstanding as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented.

# 30. Rounding off and Comparative Figures

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees, rounded off to the nearest thousand. Previous year's figures have been reclassified wherever necessary in order to facilitate comparison. The figures reported in interim financial report are subject to change upon otherwise instructions of statutory auditor and/or regulatory authorities.

#### 31. Segment Information

The Bank is organised for management and reporting purposes into segments such as: Retail, SME & MSME, Corporate, Deprived, Treasury and Others. The Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Income tax is managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments. All transactions between segments are conducted on an arm's length basis, with inter-segment revenue and costs being eliminated in "Others". Support costs are also allocated to Retail, Corporate, SME & MSME, Deprived, Treasury and others based on Management's estimates of the benefits accruing to these segments for the costs incurred. The summarized segmental performance is given below:

#### a. Information about reporting segment:

NPR in Mio.

	Re	tail	SME &	MSME	Corp	orate	Depi	rived	Trea	asury	Ot	hers	Т	otal
Particulars	Ashwin End 2076	Ashwin End 2075	AshwinE nd 2076	Ashwin End 2075										
Revenues from external customers	716	545	1,073	776	1,297	1,204	169	117	387	342	591	3	4,233	2,988
Intersegme nt revenues/(E xpenses)	673	552	(560)	(372)	95	(88)	(85)	(55)	59	39	(182)	(76)	-	-
Segment profit/(loss) before tax	140	89	336	244	(218)	276	(4)	31	197	217	481	(73)	932	785
Segment assets	30,806	15,061	35,789	22,778	44,371	42,119	5,965	4,294	36,212	24,855	15,244	3,354	168,388	112,461
Segment liabilities	78,768	46,235	1,443	1,335	54,490	37,662	457	600	7,574	6,414	25,655	20,215	168,388	112,461

#### b. Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss:

NPR in Mio

Particulars	Ashwin End 2076	Ashwin End 2075		
Total Profit before tax for reportable				
segments	932	785		
Profit before tax for other segments				
Elimination of intersegment profit				
Elimination of discontinued operation				
Unallocated amount:				
-Other Corporate Expenses	•	-		
Profit before tax	932	785		

#### 32. Related Party Disclosures

#### (a) Board Member Allowances and Facilities

The Board of Directors has been paid meeting fees of NPR 2,81,000 during the interim period. There were 27 Board Meeting conducted during the interim period.

The Chairperson and other members of the Board are paid NPR 13,000 and NPR 12,000 per meeting respectively for Board and Board Level Committees.

The Meeting fees paid to different Board Level Committees are as follows:

Board Level Committees	No of Meetings	Meeting Allowance (NPR)
Audit Committee	3	72,000
Risk Management Committee	3	72,000
Human Resource Service Committee	1	24,000
Building Construction Sub-Committee	1	24,000
Assets Laundering Prevention Committee	2	24,000
Other Committee	3	72,000

As per 23<sup>rd</sup> AGM held on Poush 26, 2075, monthly allowance of NPR 12,000 is paid. The total amount paid as monthly allowances to the board members during the interim period amounted to NPR 180,000.

Existing members of the Board are:

i)	Mr. Pawan Kumar Golyan	Chairman (Represents Group –
		Promoter Shareholder)
ii)	Mr. Nico Klass Geradus Pijl	Member (Representative from FMO)
iii)	Mr. Rajendra Kafle	Member (Representative from
		Employees Provident Fund)
iv)	Mr. Harishchandra Subedi	Member (Represents Group – Public
		Shareholder)

v) Mr. Pradeep Raj Pandey Independent Director

vi) Mr. Nand Kishor Rathi Alternate Director to Mr. Nico Pijl

## (b) Loans and Advances extended to Promoters

There are no such loans extended to promoters.

#### (c) Compensation Details for Key Management Personnel

Key Management Personnel includes members of Executive Committee of the Bank.

S.No	Particulars	Amount
Α	Short Term Employee Benefits	25,618,926
В	Post-Employment Benefits	Nil
С	Other Long Term Benefits	Nil
D	Termination Benefits (Gratuity and Sick Leave Encashment)	Nil
Е	Share Based Payment	Nil
	Total of Key Management Personnel Compensation	25,618,926

The Salary and benefits paid to CEO included above is as follow:

Particulars	Basic Salary	Provident Fund	Allowance	Bonus & Welfare	Other Perquisites	Total Income
C.E.O	1,476,000	147,600	1,804,000	2,788,000	44,196	6,259,796
Total	1,476,000	147,600	1,804,000	2,788,000	44,196	6,259,796

Key management personnel are also provided with the following benefits:

i) Benefits as per the Employee Terms of Service By-laws,

ii) Bonus to staff as per the Bonus Act,

iii) Vehicle Fuel Expenses as per the Bank's Staff Vehicle Scheme.

Existing members of Executive Committee includes:

Mr. Sunil KC Chief Executive Officer Mr. Pradeep Pradhan Chief Operating Officer

Ms. Shabnam Limbu Joshi Chief Human Resource Officer

Mr. Sharad Tegi Tuladhar Chief Risk Officer

Mr. Sudesh Upadhyaya Chief Business & Strategy Officer

Mr. Govind Ghimire Chief Business Officer Mr. Navin Manandhar Chief Finance Officer

Mr. Pramod Dahal Chief Internal Audit & AML/CFT Officer
Mr. Roshan Regmi Head Product Digital Channel & Retail Sales

#### (d) Transaction with Subsidiaries

The intra-group related figures have been excluded for presentation of the financial statement of the Group. The Bank own two subsidiary companies, NMB Capital Limited

and NMB Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited. NMB Capital is a wholly owned subsidiary whereas the Bank owns fifty-one percent of the total shares of NMB Laghubitta. Related party transactions of both subsidiaries are as follows:

Amount in Thousand

S No	Particulars	NMB Capital	NMB Laghubitta
1	Investment by NMB Bank Ltd.	200,000	48,552
2	Deposits in NMB Bank Ltd.	369,322	115,177
3	Borrowing from NMB Bank Ltd.	-	700,000
4	Interest Payment by NMB Bank Ltd.	6,861	-
5	Interest Payment to NMB Bank Ltd.	-	16,430
6	Rent Payment to NMB Bank Ltd.	588	-
7	Management Fee Payment to NMB Bank	600	-
8	Share Registrar Fee payment by NMB Bank	276	
9	Investment by NMB Bank Ltd. in NMB Sulav Investment Fund-1 as Seed Capital	105,000	-
10	Investment by NMB Bank Ltd in NMB Hybrid Fund-1 as Seed Capital	140,000	-
11	Dividend Distribution of NMB Sulav Investment Fund-1 to NMB Bank Ltd.	16,439	-
12	Dividend Distribution of NMB Hybrid Fund L - 1 to NMB Bank Ltd.	15,262	-

# 33. Dividends paid (aggregate or per share) separately for ordinary shares and other shares

None

#### 34. Issues, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities

None

#### 35. Events after interim period

There are no material events after Interim Period Date affecting financial status of the Group as on Asadh end, 2076.

# 36. Effect of changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period merger including and acquisition

The Bank had signed Memorandum of Understanding dated 16 May 2019 with Om Development Bank Limited (ODBL) to merge ODBL with NMB Bank. After obtaining necessary regulatory approvals, both the Banks commenced joint operations from 28 September 2019 (11 Ashwin 2076) as NMB Bank Limited.

Erstwhile ODBL was a National Level Development Bank Limited with Paid -up Capital of NPR 2.51 Bio and Reserve and Surplus of NPR 1.4 Bio. as on Mid July 2019. ODBL had a Branch network of 53 and 19 ATMs. The merger was driven by NMB Bank's strategic intent to have a strong presence in Province 4 where a majority of erstwhile ODBL's branches are located. The shareholders of ODBL were provided with a swap ratio of 1:0.76. The change of equity of the bank due to the merger is as below:

Particulars	Date of Merger	% of equity interest acquired	Consideration Transferred (In Full Figure)
Om Development Bank Ltd.	28-Sep-19	100%	1,911,579,056

Hence the amount of bargain purchase is provisional as per para 45 of NFRS 3 "Business combination"

# **NEWSPAPER CUT**

# NMB BANK LIMITED Interim Financial Report FY 2076/77

2,259,082

4,699,926

21,030,163

21,030,163

168,387,624

## **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As on Quarter Ended 30 Ashwin, 2076 (17 October, 2019)

NPR in Thousand **NMB Particulars Immediate Previous Year** Immediate Previous Year This Quarter Ending This Quarter Ending Assets Cash and cash equivalent 17,407,621 8,798,713 16,337,523 8,096,355 Due from Nepal Rastra Bank 10,845,212 9,522,821 10,829,182 9,539,851 Placement with Bank and Financial 135,091 2,172,967 135,091 2,172,967 Institutions 11,653,685 8,595,482 11,653,685 8,595,482 Derivative financial instruments Other trading assets 357,600 340,390 357,600 340.390 3,570,756 3,317,962 4,270,756 3,317,962 Loan and advances to B/FIs 113,542,700 91,011,889 110,313,525 88,485,031 Loans and advances to customers 10,316,351 12,248,193 10,456,936 12,047,138 Investment securities Current tax assets 248,552 248,552 Investment in susidiaries Investment in associates 101,188 102,916 101,188 102,916 Investment property 1,779,656 1,616,578 1,743,220 1,577,899 Property and equipment Goodwill and Intangible assets 148,253 116,673 146,914 115,409 88,955 73,962 81,094 70,041 Deferred tax assets 1.569.262 1.428.516 1.201.874 Other assets 1.229.894 **Total Assets** 172,142,811 138,679,574 168,387,624 135,470,410 Liabilities Due to Bank and Financial Instituions 1,652,384 624,365 1,652,384 624,365 3.412.337 3.203.523 3.412.337 3.203.523 Due to Nepal Rastra Bank Derivative financial instruments 11,625,006 8.458.374 11,625,006 8,458,374 Deposits from customers 123,504,238 98,830,665 121,912,673 97,892,302 4,828,300 5,084,167 3,585,060 3,468,060 Borrowing 68.873 35.579 Current Tax Liabilities 83.616 37.917 Provisions 17,498 224 Deferred tax liabilities 8,606 8,606 2,871,330 2,145,956 3,082,705 2,670,835 Other liabilities Debt securities issued 2,229,797 2,239,236 2,229,797 2,239,236 Subordinated Liabilities 150,700,354 120,902,046 118,067,395 Total liabilities 147,357,461 Equity Share capital 11,529,742 9,618,163 11,529,742 9.618.163 2,541,413 2,512,799 2,541,413 2,512,799 Share premium

#### **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

1,964,282

3,516,888

165,397

17,612,131

17,777,528

138,679,574

2,457,544

4,738,877

174,882

21,267,576

21.442.458

172,142,811

For the guarter ended 30 Ashwin, 2076 (17 Ocotber 2019)

		Gro	up		NMB			
	Currer	Current Year Previous Year Corresponding Current Y		t Year Previous Year Correspondi				
Particulars	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD
Interest income	3,377,895	3,377,895	2,713,163	2,713,163	3,241,553	3,241,553	2,609,875	2,609,87
Interest expense	2,075,836	2,075,836	1,679,211	1,679,211	2,017,899	2,017,899	1,633,580	1,633,58
Net interest income	1,302,059	1,302,059	1,033,951	1,033,951	1,223,654	1,223,654	976,294	976,29
Fees and Commission Income	277,369	277,369	299,064	299,064	225,604	225,604	267,015	267,0
Fees and commission expense	25,053	25,053	15,631	15,631	25,053	25,053	15,631	15,63
Net fee and commission income	252,317	252,317	283,433	283,433	200,551	200,551	251,384	251,38
Net interest, fee and commission income	1,554,376	1,554,376	1,317,384	1,317,384	1,424,205	1,424,205	1,227,678	1,227,67
Net trading income	109,299	109,299	88,568	88,568	109,299	109,299	88,568	88,56
Other operating income	69,626	69,626	18,225	18,225	69,989	69,989	18,759	18,75
Total operating income	1,733,301	1,733,301	1,424,177	1,424,177	1,603,493	1,603,493	1,335,005	1,335,00
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	625,944	625,944	50,465	50,465	622,816	622,816	37,499	37,49
Net operating income	1,107,358	1,107,358	1,373,712	1,373,712	980,677	980,677	1,297,506	1,297,50
Operating expense								
Personnel expenses	474,074	474,074	370,210	370,210	418,340	418,340	327,515	327,5
Other operating expenses	182,749	182,749	161,884	161,884	169,698	169,698	149,139	149,1
Depreciation & Amortisation	50,040	50,040	40,717	40,717	47,389	47,389	39,153	39,15
Operating Profit	400,494	400,494	800,901	800,901	345,250	345,250	781,700	781,70
Non operating income	622,169	622,169	3,529	3,529	622,169	622,169	3,529	3,5
Non operating expense	35,778	35,778	-	-	35,778	35,778	-	
Profit before income tax	986,885	986,885	804,430	804,430	931,641	931,641	785,228	785,22
Income tax expense								
Current Tax	131,857	131,857	240,433	240,433	116,505	116,505	234,673	234,67
Deferred Tax expense/(Income)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Profit for the period	855,028	855,028	563,997	563,997	815,136	815,136	550,556	550,55
Condensed Consolidated State								
Profit/Loss for the period	855,028	855,028	563,997	563,997	815,136	815,136	550,556	550,55
Other Comprehensive Income	6,681	6,681	21,030	21,030	8,102	8,102	19,556	19,55
Total Comprehensive Income	861,709	861,709	585,026	585,026	823,238	823,238	570,112	570,11
Earnings per Share								
Basic earnings per share	-	33.72	-	26.31	-	32.51	-	26.0
Diluted earnings per share	-	33.72	-	26.31	-	32.51	-	26.0
Total comprehensive income attributa								
Equity holders of the Bank	852,224	852,224	583,449	583,449	823,238	823,238	570,112	570,1
Non-controlling interest	9,485	9,485	1,578	1,578	-	-	-	

Paties as per NPR Directives

Retained earnings Reserves

Total equity

Total equity attributable to equity

Non-controlling interest

Total liabilities and equity

		Gro	oup		NMB			
Ratios	Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding		Current Year		Previous Year Corresponding	
Ratios	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Upto This Quarter (YTD)
Capital fund to RWA		15.66%		15.26%		15.81%		15.36%
Non performing loan (NPL) to toal loan		1.97%		0.81%		1.97%		0.76%
Total loan loss provision to Total NPL (As per NRB Directives)		124.53%		193.26%		125.50%		202.54%
Cost of Funds (YTD)		7.19%		7.46%		7.11%		7.38%
CCD Ratio		77.27%		78.31%		77.27%		78.31%
Base Rate		10.33%		9.93%		10.33%		9.93%
Average Interest Spread (Calculated as per NRB Directives)- Last Month of Quarter (Including Government Securities)		4.12%		3.78%		4.12%		3.78%
Additional Informations:								
Average Yield (YTD Average)		10.97%		10.76%		10.80%		10.62%
Return on Equity (Annualized)		15.54%		12.51%		15.14%		12.62%
Return on Assets (Annualized)		1.95%		1.97%		1.92%		1.99%
PE Ratio (Annualized)		11.75		13.51		11.75		13.51
Net-Worth per share (NPR)		184.46		198.74		182.40		199.75
Assets per share (NPR)		1,491.52		1,349.75		1,460.46		1,360.62
Liquidity Ratio (NLA)		25.40%		21.55%		25.40%		21.55%

585,026

585,026

823,238

823,238

570,112

# Notes to Unaudited Financial Highlight

- Above figures are subject to change from Supervisory Authority and/or External Audit.
- Above financial highlight is prepared as per Nepal Financial Reporting Standards(NFRS), Nepal Accounting Standards(NAS) and certain carve-outs issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN)
- The figures of previous periods have been regrouped/rearranged wherever necessary.
- 4. Loans and Advances is presented along with accrued interest, staff loan (net off staff loan prepayment benefit) and net off impairment charges.
- Personnel Expenses include staff bonus as per Bonus Act, 2030 and amortization of prepaid staff loan granted at subsidized rate as per Bank's policy. Loan administrative fees upto 1% of loan amount is considered immaterial and is not included for calculating Effective Interest Rate
- Actuarial Valuation of employees are done on annual basis. Base Rate has been recomputed for previous period as per new NRB Circular.
- The bank has merged with 0m Development Bank Limited in the reporting period and the differential amount from swap surplus has been booked as non-operating income on account of bargain gain. This treatment is in accordance with the requirement of NFRS.
- 10. Group represents NMB Bank Limited (NMB) and its subsidiaries NMB Capital Limited and NMB Microfinance Bittiya Sanstha Limited.
- 11. The intra-group related figures have been excluded for presentation of the financial statements of the Group. 12. The detailed Interim Report has been published in www.nmbbanknepal.com at the Investment Relation Section.

861,709

861,709

#### Statement of Distributable Profit/Loss (As per NRB Regulations)

	(RS. III THOUSAND)
Particulars	Up to this Quarter
Net Profit for the period ended 30 Ashwin 2076	815,136
1. Appropriations	
1.1 Profit required to be appropriated to statutory reserve	249,802
a. General Reserve	163,027
b. Capital Redemption Reserve	71,792
c. Exchange Fluctuation Fund	6,831
d. Corporate Socail Responsibity Fund	8,151
e. Employees Training Fund	-
f. Other	
1.2 Profit required to be transfer to Regulatory Reserve	29,166
a. Transfer to Regulatory Reserve	59,903
b. Transfer from Regulatory Reserve	(30,736)
Net Profit for the period end 30 Ashwin 2076 available for distribution	536,168

Note: The Bargain gain amount is only available for distribution as stock dividend

#### **Related Party Disclosures**

The Bank own two subsidiary companies, NMB Capital Limited and NMB Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Limited. NMB Capital is a wholly owned subsidiary whereas the Bank owns fifty-one percent of the total shares of NMB Laghubita Bittiya Sanstha Ltd. Related party transactions of both subsidiaries are

Amounts in NPR Thousands

S. No.	Particulars	NMB Capital	NMB Micro Finance
1	Investment by NMB Bank	200,000	48,552
2	Deposits in NMB Bank	369,322	115,177
3	Borrowing from NMB Bank	-	700,000
4	Interest Payment by NMB Bank	6,861	-
5	Interest Payment to NMB Bank	-	16,430
6	Rent Payment to NMB Bank	588	-
7	Management Fee Payment to NMB Bank	600	-
8	Share Registrar Fee payment by NMB Bank	276	
9	Dividend Distribution of NMB Sulav Investment Fund-1 to NMB Bank	16,439	-
10	Dividend Distribution of NMB Hybrid Fund L - 1 to NMB Bank Ltd.	15,262	

These related party transactions have been excluded in Consolidated Financial Statement of the Group. All the contracts and transactions with the subsidiaries have been performed on arms-length basis

#### Disclosure as per Securities Registration and Issuance Regulation, 2073

#### 1. Management Analysis

1,780,327

3,491,726

17,403,014

17,403,014

135,470,410

- a) The Bank, up to the first quarter of FY 2019/20, posted a net profit of NPR 815.14 Million. During most part of the quarter, the Bank had witnessed stiff volume pressure.
- b) Overall deposit from customers, loans and advances to customers and BFI's of the Bank (Net) stand at NPR 121.91 Billion and NPR 114.58 Billion respectively as at the end of the quarter.
- c) Despite adverse market conditions prevailed in the market, the Bank managed to maintain comfortable liquidity position during the quarter.
- d) During the quarter, the Bank has merged 0m Development Bank Limited (ODBL), a national level development bank, with Paid -Up Capital of NPR 2.51 Billion and Reserve and Surplus of NPR 1.34 Billion as on Mid July 2019. Erstwhile ODBL had a branch network of 53 and 19 ATMs. The merger was driven by NMB Bank's strategic intent to have a strong presence in Province 4 where a majority of erstwhile ODBL's branches are located.
- e) The Bank remained well capitalized with Capital Adequacy Ratio at 15.81%. NPA level has increased to 1.97% after the merger. The NPL level is expected to come down in the coming quarter. CCD Ratio has been calculated as per NRB Directives.
- There were no other significant incidents during the period, which have had negative impact on the reserve, profit or cash flow position of the Bank g) The Bank has strong independent Risk and Control functions as well as policies in place that do not
- promote excessive risk taking.

# 2. Details of Legal Action

- a. Case filed by or against the organized institution during the quarter No material cases except for regular cases of debt recovery
- b. Case relating to disobedience of the prevailing laws or commission of the criminal offence filed by or against the Promoters or Directors of the Institution No such information has been received by the Bank
- c. Case relating to the commission of financial crime filed against any Promoter or Director No such information has been received by the Bank.

# 3. Analysis of Share Transaction

# Management view on share transactions of the Bank at securities market:

The Bank has disclosed and published all the information and data pertinent to Capital Market from time to time as per the prevailing disclosure norms and directives of Securities Board of Nepal (SEBON) and Nepal Rastra Bank. As the open market share operations determines the market price and transaction of the Bank's shares, the Bank Management is neutral on the ruling share price of the Bank. The bank's share transaction was halted after the trading hour on 16 May 2019 and had not resumed during the guarter due to merger process with erstwhile ODBL

# 4. Problems and Challenges

# Internal problems and challenges

- Sourcing and retention of quality work force in the increased competitive market.
- · Increasing cost of operations.

# External problems and challenges

- Remittance growth
- Highly volatile liquidity conditions
- Lack of clarity on policies in the Federal Structure.
- Competitive environment with limited opportunities. · High volatility in FX Market.
- · Lack of conducive business environment for investment.
- Uncertainty over global economic outlook.

# Strategy

570,112

- · Synergistic benefit out of merger
- Launch new products and services with special focus on non-fund based income.
- · Focus on SME, retail lending, Energy and Agricultural sector, Micro deposit opportunities and enhance Microfinance activities
- Improve on technology platform to enhance product and service capabilities to meet the customer's changing banking needs.
- Continue to focus on Safe Growth through prudent risk management and compliance practices. · Continue to focus on expansion of footprint at strategically important locations.
- Continue to implement Cost Management Strategy to closely monitor cost line and productivity.
- · Focus on continuous process re-engineering so as to increase Operational Efficiency.
- Focus on introducing various human resource development plans.

# 5. Corporate Governance

- The Bank maintains high standard of Corporate Governance by maintaining strict compliance with laws, rules and regulations. Risk management, compliance, control and audit functions are accorded due priority in the Bank
- Audit Committee, Risk Management Committees, Human Resource Committee, Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO), Executive Committee and other sub-committees ensure high level of standard on corporate governance. The first three committees are chaired by the non-executive Directors of
- There are number of policies and procedures in place, including the Code of Conduct and Ethics to ensure highest level of compliance standard within the Bank
- The Bank has a Corporate Governance Unit under Compliance Department to oversee matters related to corporate governance of the Bank at all levels.

# 6. Disclosure of the Chief Executive Officer

I am personally responsible for the correctness of the facts and figures disclosed in this report till date. Also, I hereby declare that to the extent of my knowledge, the facts and the figures disclosed in this report are correct and comprehensive and all the material information relevant to take proper investment decision for the investors are disclosed properly in this statement





